We have data for a total of 1261 shots (excluding the first shot of each game)

TOTAL		1261

642 of those shots were shots where the previous shot was missed. 619 were shots where the previous shot was made.

	Previous shot missed	Previous shot made	
TOTAL	642	619	1261

For convenience, call these "not shots" and "hot shots"

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Of the 642 shots where the previous shot was missed, he missed 313 and made 329.

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	
Missed this shot	313		
Made this shot	329		
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Of the 619 shots where the previous shot was made, he missed 334 and made 285.

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	
Missed this shot	313	334	
Made this shot	329	285	
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Overall, he missed 647 shots and made 614 shots.

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

He made 51% of "not shots" and 46% of "hot shots".

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261
	329/642 = 0.51	285/619 = 0.46	

He made 5% fewer hot shots than not shots. Do we believe that he's truly worse at hot shots? Or could the 5% difference just be due to random chance?

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261
	329/642 = 0.51	285/619 = 0.46	

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Fill a box with 642 balls labeled N (not shots) and 619 ball labeled H (hot shots)



	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261



Get a bucket and label it "made". All the balls that end up in here will stand for shots made.



	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Randomly pick 614 balls out of the box and put them in the made bucket





What our simulatheory...

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Stop and think. Why are we picking 614 balls???

Randomly pick 614 balls out of the box and put them in the made bucket





	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot			647
Made this shot			614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Count the number of H's and N's in the made bucket and record.





	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot			647
Made this shot	300	314	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Count the number of H's and N's in the made bucket and record.

(Note: will likely be different every time, but imagine, for example, that we got300 Ns and 314 Hs this time)





	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL		
Missed this shot			647		
Made this shot	300	314	614		
TOTAL	642	619	1261		
	300/642 = 47%	314/619= 51%			

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Calculate the percentage of hot shots made and not shots made



	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL		
Missed this shot			647		
Made this shot	300	314	614		
TOTAL	642	619	1261		
	300/642 = .47	314/619= .51			

Subtract (Hot Shots Percentage – Not Shots Percentage) to find the difference. (e.g. .51 - .47 = .04)



	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot			647
Made this shot	300	314	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261
,	300/642 = .47	314/619= .51	

 Subtract (Hot Shots Percentage – Not Shots Percentage) to find the difference. (e.g. .51 - .47 = .04)

Record the percentage difference (e.g. .04). Then put all balls back in the box.



	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot			647
Made this shot			614
TOTAL	642	619	1261





	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot			647
Made this shot			614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Repeat 1,000 times. Each time record the difference between hot shots percent made and not shots percent made.





A few things to remember before we start:

- lag_data is a data frame that has all of the original Curry data, plus a new column we made called "lag_shot"
- The lag_shot column says "TRUE" if the previous shot was made and "FALSE" if the previous shot was missed

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A few things to remember before we start:

- lag_data is a tibble that has all of the original Curry data, plus a new column we made called "lag_shot"
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Number of shots taken after shots that were made hot_shots <- lag_data %>% filter(lag_shot) %>% nrow()

This code says: take the tibble "lag_data, then filter it by giving me only the rows where the column lag_shot is "TRUE", then count the number of rows you gave me. Finally, store that value in the variable "hot_shots"



This code says: take the tibble "lag_data", then filter it by giving me only the rows where the column lag_shot is "TRUE", then

Cou in t in t Should contain a single number. Specifically, it will be one of the numbers in the table above. Which number should it contain? Check if you're right by typing "hot_shots" in the console and see what value it returns.

Number of shots taken after shots that were made
hot_shots <- lag_data %>%
 filter(lag_shot) %>%
 nrow()

Number of shots made after shots that were made hot_made <- lag_data %>% filter(lag_shot & SHOT_MADE) %>% nrow()

Number of shots taken after shots that were missed
not_shots <- lag_data %>%
 filter(!lag_shot) %>%
 nrow()

Number of shots made after shots that were missed not_made <- lag_data %>% filter(!lag_shot & SHOT_MADE) %>% nrow()

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Check for Understanding: The first block of code above is the one we just discussed. Look carefully at the next three blocks of code. Can you figure out what each one does? Which of the numbers from the table should be stored in the variables "hot_made", "not_shots", and "not_made"? Check if you're right by typing these variable names into the console (or look for them in the environment window).

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hot_shots <- lag_data %>%
 filter(lag_shot) %>%
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Number of shots made after shots that were made hot_made <- lag_data %>% filter(lag_shot & SHOT_MADE) %>% nrow()

Number of shots taken after shots that were missed
not_shots <- lag_data %>%
 filter(!lag_shot) %>%
 nrow()

Number of shots made after shots that were missed not_made <- lag_data %>% filter(!lag_shot & SHOT_MADE) %>% nrow()

	"Not Shots" Previous shot missed	"Hot Shots" Previous shot made	TOTAL
Missed this shot	313	334	647
Made this shot	329	285	614
TOTAL	642	619	1261

Tip: Write down what the four variables (hot_shots, hot_made, not_shots, and not_made) represent and what numbers they equal. It will make understanding the next block of code much easier.

Check for Understanding: The first block of code above is the one we just discussed. Look carefully at the next three blocks of code. Can you figure out what each one does? Which of the numbers from the table should be stored in the variables "hot_made", "not_shots", and "not_made"? Check if you're right by typing these variable names into the console (or look for them in the environment window).

simulate_null <- function() {</pre>

Make a list with the right number of shots of each type shots <- c(rep("Hot", hot_shots), rep("Not", not_shots)) This says, make a list called "shots" that says "Hot" 619 times and then "Not" 642 times. Do you see how it does that? Tip: Type "shots" into the console to see what this looks like.

randomly select the made shots from this list made <- sample(shots, hot_made + not_made) This says, create a new list called "made" and fill it by randomly picking 614 items from the list "shots". Do you see how it does that?

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Check for understanding: Earlier, we described what the simulation does "in theory" by imagining drawing balls from a box. What part of that theoretical description does the list "shots" correspond to? What part does the list "made" correspond to?

(Note: They grayed out code was discussed on the previous slide)

simulate_null <- function() {</pre>

Make a list with the right number of shots of each type shots <- c(rep("Hot", hot_shots), rep("Not", not_shots))</pre>

randomly select the made shots from this list
made <- sample(shots, hot_made + not_made)</pre>

Compute the difference shot success between hot and not shots
random_hot_made <- sum(made == "Hot") / hot_shots
random_not_made <- sum(made == "Not") / not_shots
random_hot_made - random_not_made
}</pre>

Check for understanding: Can you figure out what this last block of code is doing? Hint: Think back to the theoretical description of the simulation. Given everything we've done so far, what's left to do?

(Note: They grayed out code was discussed on the previous slide)

simulate_null <- function() {</pre>

Make a list with the right number of shots of each type shots <- c(rep("Hot", hot_shots), rep("Not", not_shots))</pre>

randomly select the made shots from this list
made <- sample(shots, hot_made + not_made)</pre>

Compute the difference shot success between hot and not shots random_hot_made <- sum(made == "Hot") /
hot_shots random_not_made <- sum(made == "Not") / not_shots random_hot_made - random_not_made
}</pre>

Notice that we've taken all of the above code and wrapped it in a function using {}. Basically, we're telling R to make a new function called "simulate_null". This means that from now on, every time I type "simulate_null", R does everything inside the {}. For example, try typing the following into a new chunk (after running the code above): x <- simulate_null()

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Run this code several times. You should see it spit out a different number each time. What does that number represent? Why is it different each time?

null_samples <- tibble(diff = replicate(1000, simulate_null()))
This says to run the function "simulate_null" 1000 times and to
store the results in a column called "diff" in a data frame called
"null_samples"</pre>

empirical_diff <- hot_made/hot_shots - not_made/not_shots This has nothing to do with the simulation. It's based on the original data. Can you figure out what it does?

ggplot(null_samples, aes(x = diff)) + geom_histogram(bins =
100) + geom_vline(aes(xintercept = empirical_diff, color =
"darkred", size = 2))

See if you can figure out what this code does on your own!